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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/584,950	07/05/2006	Hiroyuki Nagasaka	128620	2778
25944 OLIFF & BERI	7590 08/19/200 RIDGE, PLC	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 3208	350	KIM, PETER B		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320-4850			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2851	
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			08/19/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/584,950	NAGASAKA, HIROYUKI			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Peter B. Kim	2851			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 M</u> .      This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☑ This      Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-54 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-13,19-38,42-48 and  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 14,16,39,49,50 and 54 is/are rejected  7) Claim(s) 15,17,18,40 and 41 is/are objected to  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examine  10) The drawing(s) filed on 05 July 2006 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or	d 51-53 is/are withdrawn from cor r election requirement. r. ☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to b drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	y the Examiner. 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
	anniler. Note the attached Office	ACTION OF IOTH PTO-192.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)  1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date See Continuation Sheet	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	te			

Continuation of Attachment(s) 3). Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08), Paper No(s)/Mail Date :7/5/2006, 10/24/2006, 6/18/2007, 9/17/2008.

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Claims 1-13, 19-38, 42-48, and 51-53 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected groups, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on May 1, 2009.

Applicant argues that there is no serious burden; however, there are many distinct groups in the application which would require different areas of search and there is a serious burden.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 16 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Vogel et al. (Vogel) (2004/0257544).

Vogel discloses an exposure apparatus and a method for producing a device using the apparatus which exposes a substrate (101) by radiating an exposure light beam onto the substrate through a liquid (para 0029), the apparatus comprising a projection optical system (102), a liquid supply mechanism (105A), a liquid recovery mechanism (105B); and a substrate stage (inherent) which hold the substrate (101) wherein a velocity movement of the substrate stage differs depending on a direction of movement of the substrate stage from a first position to a second

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position when the substrate stage is moved substantially linearly from the first position to the second position in a state in which a liquid immersion area id locally formed on the substrate stage by the liquid supply mechanism and the liquid recovery mechanism (para 0021-0024, 0028, 0029). The immersion lithography exposure apparatus of Vogel exposes by scanning which means the substrate stage is moved at a predetermined velocity in both the right and left direction in Fig. 4. Since velocity is defined in terms of speed and direction, by definition, every time the direction of the movement of the stage is changed from left to right, the velocity is changed.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 14, 39, 49 and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Makinouchi et al. (Makinouchi) (5,699,145) in view of Vogel et al. (Vogel).

Makinouchi discloses an exposure apparatus and a method and a device manufacturing method using the apparatus which exposes a substrate (5) by radiating an exposure light beam (EL) onto the substrate, the apparatus comprising a projection optical system (8), a substrate stage (4) which holds the substrate wherein a velocity of movement of the substrate stage differs depending on a distance between a first position and a second position when the substrate stage is moved substantially linearly from the first position to the second position (col. 5, lines 12-34, col. 9, line – col. 10, line 67). Makinouchi discloses measuring the position of the reticle stage

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and the wafer stage and adjusting the velocity accordingly, which means the distance the wafer stage is moved is different depending on the position of the stage. However, Makinouchi does not disclose immersion liquid lithography and a liquid supply and a liquid recovery. Vogel discloses an exposure apparatus and a method for producing a device using the apparatus which exposes a substrate (101) by radiating an exposure light beam onto the substrate through a liquid (para 0029), the apparatus comprising a projection optical system (102), a liquid supply mechanism (105A), a liquid recovery mechanism (105B); and a substrate stage (inherent) which hold the substrate (101). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the immersion liquid to the invention of Makinouchi in order to improve the resolution as taught by Vogel in para 0004, 0005.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 15, 17, 18, 40 and 41 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Regarding claims 15 and 40, none of the prior art of record teaches or discloses an exposure apparatus and a method comprising the velocity of movement of the substrate stage is decreased when the distance between the first position and the second position is not less than a predetermined amount as compared with when the distance between the first position and the second position is shorter than the predetermined amount in combination with the limitations of the independent claims from which claims 15 and 40 depend.

Regarding claim 17, none of the prior art of record teaches or discloses an exposure apparatus comprising the velocity of movement of the substrate stage is decreased when the

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substrate stage is moved in a predetermined direction in which a liquid recovery force brought about by the liquid recovery mechanism is smaller than when the substrate stage is moved in a direction different from the predetermined direction in combination with the limitations of claim 16.

Regarding claim 41, none of the prior art of record teaches or discloses an exposure method comprising recovering the liquid disposed on the substrate, wherein the velocity of movement of the substrate is decreased when the substrate is moved in a predetermined direction in which a liquid recovery force is weak as compared with when the substrate is moved in a direction different from the predetermined direction in combination with the limitations of claim 39.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter B. Kim whose telephone number is (571) 272-2120. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM - 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diane Lee can be reached on (571) 272-2399. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Peter B. Kim/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2851

August 14, 2009